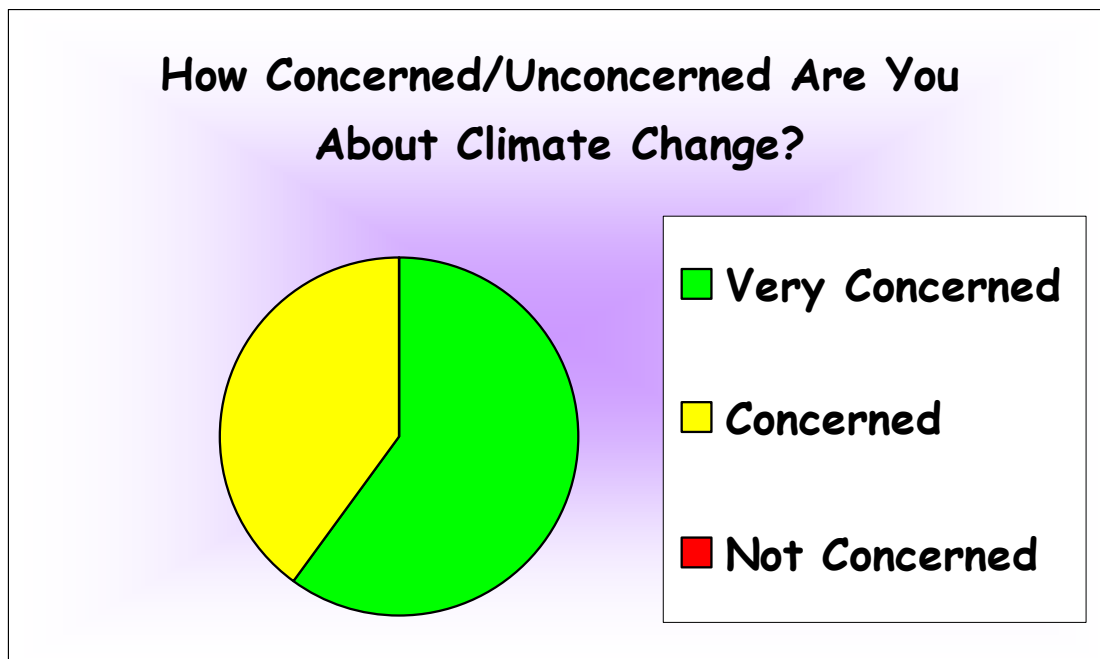


Report

1. How Concerned/Unconcerned Are You About Climate



Change?

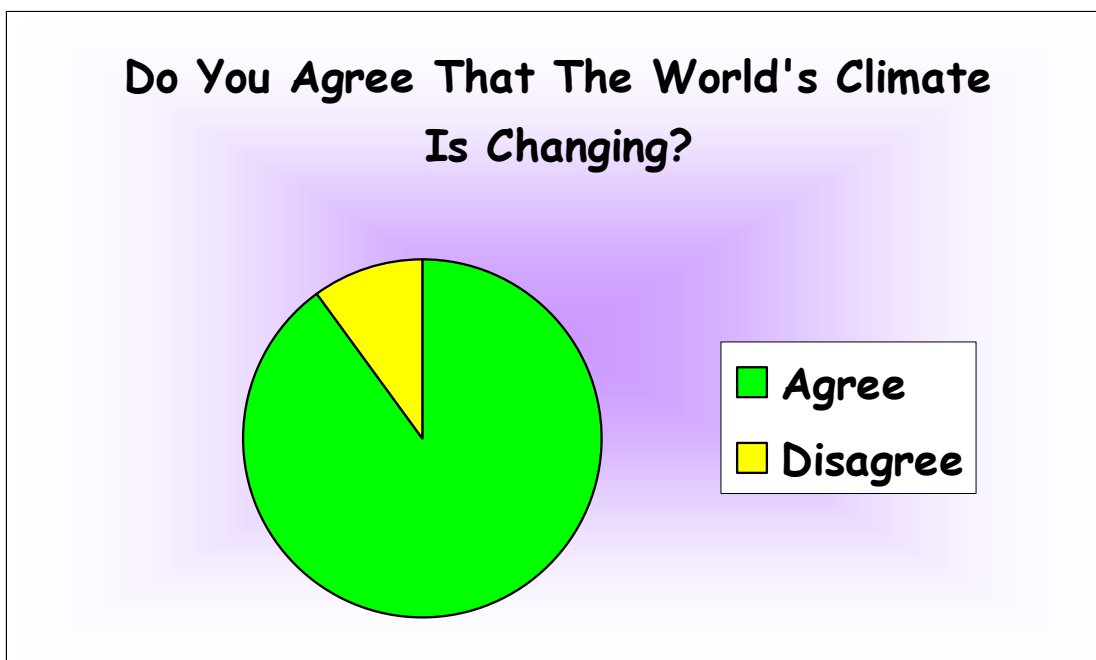
20 out of 30 people are very concerned about climate change.

10 out of 30 people are concerned about climate change.

0 out of 30 people are un-concerned about climate change.

These results show that the majority of people are aware and concerned of the global dilemma we face. I think people are beginning to recognize that global warming will affect how there lives in the future.

2. Do You Agree That The World's Climate Is Changing?



27 out of 30 people agree that the world's climate is changing.
3 out of 30 people disagree that the world's climate is changing.

People have started to understand what is happening to our planet through their own eyes because of the recent weather patterns around the world. The media has also played a big part in making people agree that the world is changing through the news and documentaries. Some people disagree for the reason that they believe this is a natural progress which will continue if continue our ways.

3. What Do You Think Are The Main Causes Of Climate Change Are.

- Unnecessary energy consumption
- Release of greenhouse gases
- Pollution - Factories
- Carbon emissions too high - Cars

These were the overall views from the questionnaire on what they thought the main causes of climate change were. People have been educated through their science/geography curriculum and learnt about the atmosphere and what happens if you release harmful gases such as carbon and methane. We also learn what causes these gases to actually be released like coal - fired power stations, cars and factories. The nation has come to the realisation that many MEDC's are consuming unnecessary energy, which in turn has harmful effects on other countries near the equator - who don't use half the amount of energy and fuel that we use.

4. What Are The Benefits Of Renewable Energy Sources?

- We will not have to face the problem of these energy sources running out as they are renewable.
- They will decrease the rate at which global warming occurs as no carbon emissions or greenhouse gases are released.

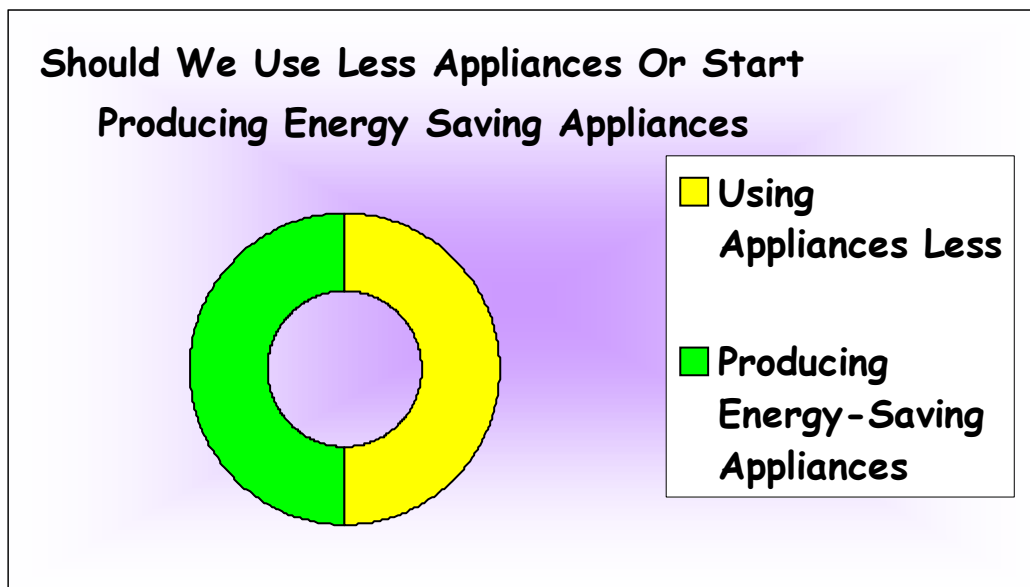
These were the in general, the people's responses to this question. People have acknowledged the uses of renewable energy and the fundamental uses of them. I think the primary factor is that they are renewable and in the future we won't have to worry about our energy supplies running out. I did however notice that people are still not fully educated about the disadvantages of renewable energy and how it actually works. The public need to know that it may not produce as much energy as fossil fuels do when burnt. In conclusion, I think the benefits of renewable energy do outweigh the downsides.

5. Do You Do Anything To Reduce Carbon Emissions? If So, What Do You Do?

- Turn off lights
- Don't waste hot water
- Using energy-saving appliances
- Turning electrical equipment off when not in use
- Sharing car lifts

People are doing the basic things to reduce their carbon emissions, which can save a lot of energy but we don't know how many people do it. If it was done on a larger scale, I think as a nation we would be cutting down and saving a lot of energy. I think these are the rudimentary tasks we should be carrying out before moving onto the more highly developed ways of saving energy such as introducing wind farms, solar panels and nuclear power stations. It's nice to know that everybody is trying to do their best to save our planet.

6. Which Do You Think Is Best: Using Appliances Less Or Start Producing Appliances That Save More Energy?



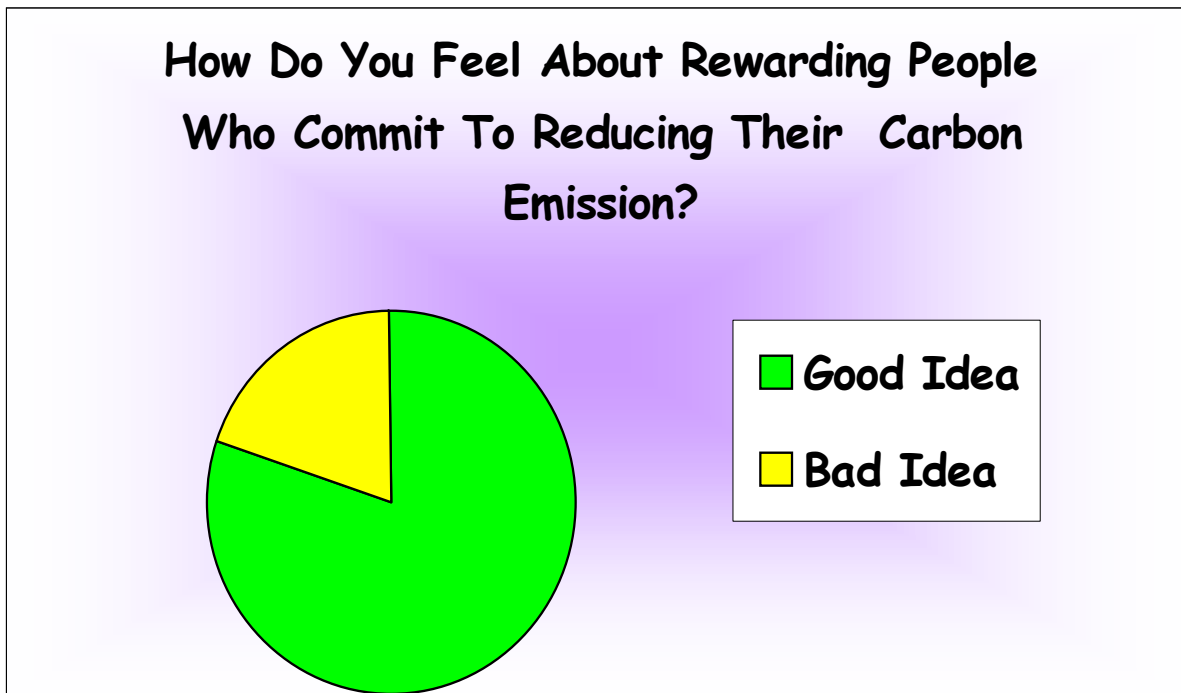
The results show 50/50

15 out of 30 people thought we should use appliances less.

15 out of 30 people thought that we should start producing energy - saving appliances.

In many people's opinions, they thought that both were a great idea but I think that people who voted for using appliances less felt that it takes time to develop such products and that it doesn't take much effort to turn something off. On the other hand, not everyone would be able to use their appliances less so by producing these appliances that save energy would save more energy. Either one could be used successfully but there is the matter of adjusting, how long would it take. By the time everybody has adjusted or bought all these energy-saving appliances, who knows how much greenhouse gases will have escaped into the atmosphere.

7. How Do You Feel About Rewarding People Who Commit To Reducing Their Carbon Emission?



24 out of 30 people think it is a good idea to reward people who reduce their carbon emissions.

6 out of 30 people think it is a bad idea to reward people who reduce their carbon emissions.

The people who think that this is a good idea believes that this will provide incentive and spur other people to reduce their carbon emissions. If it helps everyone to start reducing their carbon footprints, then it is a good idea. However, the people who voted against it must have felt that this should be a normal way of life to reduce carbon emissions, there should be no need to reward people for it and they should genuinely want to do it, for their future and a greener planet. It should not be a choice whether you try to reduce your carbon emissions, it should be a way of life and be made obligatory.

8. Would You Be Prepared To Sacrifice Something To Reduce Carbon Emissions?

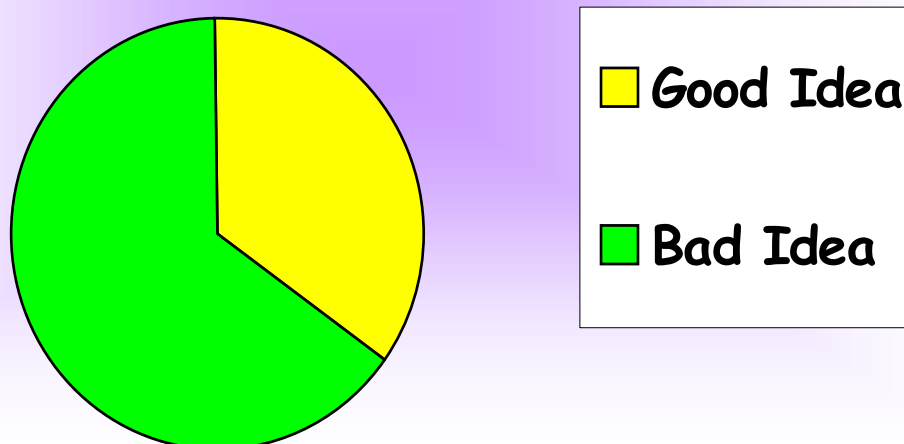
What Would It Be?

- High Energy Light Bulbs
- Using the computer for leisure purposes instead of using cars
- Cycle or walk to places with a short distance
- Use environmentally - friendly cars e.g. hybrid
- Electrical Heating

The results show that people are obviously prepared to sacrifice something however small or big. I think if you tried to do all of them rather than just one sacrifice, you would be cutting back on a lot of energy. I'm curious as to the things that people will be sacrificing will be things they obviously enjoy, such as television. Will this work? If the whole nation got involved it would be wonderful, we would start to create a more greener, secure planets. A little bit can go a long way.

9. How Do You Feel About Cheap Flights Being Taxed To Reduce Aeroplane pollution.

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17 out of 30 people thought it would be a good idea to tax cheap flights to reduce aeroplane pollution.

13 out of 30 people thought it would be a bad idea to tax cheap flights to reduce aeroplane pollution.

People who thought it is a good idea because it may reduce the number of flights hence decreasing the rate of which global warming is occurring at.

Others seem to think that this idea may not work purely on the basis that if somebody wants to go somewhere, they will pay the money - whatever the price may be.

If the cheap flights are taxed, where will the money go? Overall, everybody agreed it should be spent on something worthwhile such as research and production of energy saving appliances and investing in more renewable energy sources. The government should not buy fuels with the extra money.

10. What Do You Think Of Non-Energy Saving Light Bulbs?

- They shouldn't produce these light bulbs
- They are cheaper than energy - saving light bulbs.
- They waste energy, only 60% is used as light, 40% is wasted in the form of light energy.
- They are unnecessary as they are just as bright as energy-saving light bulbs use more energy.

People are conscientious about non energy-saving light bulbs. In the questionnaires, a lot of people mentioned that we should take non energy-saving light bulbs out of the market. There will then be a gap in the market for light bulbs and so people will start buying more energy efficient light bulbs. Even though they are expensive, if everybody starts buying them the price is of them will surely decrease.

People are not fully aware that there are energy-saving light bulbs, so people should try to encourage everybody around them to switch to these energy saving light bulbs. I think that information about energy-saving light bulbs should be broadcasted to the whole nation, if we all switched we could decrease the amount of energy we were using, reducing the effects of global warming.

11. What Do You Think About Standby Switches On Electrical Goods?

- You should turn them off as they are wasting energy
- They should be taken off all electrical goods; electrical companies should not be obliged to use them unless they have substantial evidence proving there is an actual need for them.
- The longer we use them, the worse the predicament will be
- They can be useful, because it means you don't have to repeat the whole procedure on your electrical good.
- There should be a time limit on which you should keep your electrical good on standby.

Everybody agreed that they should be taken off electrical goods, unless there is a significant reason for it to be there. The main reason why they are deemed bad is because they use energy even though they are not in use. People feel there is no point in them, why have a halfway point between on and off? It's completely unnecessary. If they were to be taken off all electrical goods, I think we would be saving more energy than we think, everyday people just leave the computer on standby, or leave the television on standby. If we just took that extra minute to turn it off, you would be reducing the amount of energy used. It's up to everybody to commit and put effort in remembering to turn off his or her goods.

12. Which Country Should Take The Lead Addressing Issues Around Climate

Change?

- U.S.A
- U.K
- Japan
- China
- France
- Germany
- All Countries

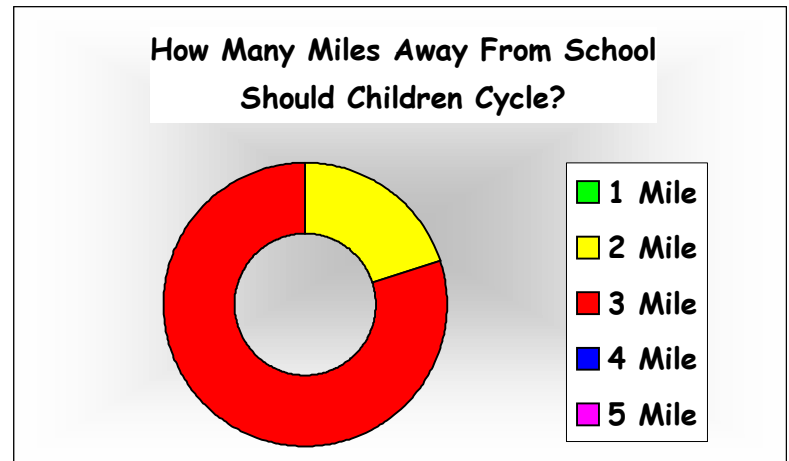
The majority of the votes for which country should take the lead addressing issues are U.K and U.S.A.

People evidently voted them for the reason that they are MEDC's. These two countries are very powerful, they are both in the G8, and they should have enough sense to do this! They are also countries, which cause the problem, so they should bear the blame, as they transport a lot of goods around (importing and exporting). China comes into this because they mass-produce goods, using a lot of energy. These are the countries that use most energy, with shocking effects on other countries.

Another idea that was mentioned was that each country should have a representative who will meet with the other representatives, as every country should be involved as it is affecting not just one country but the whole planet.

Something needs to be done and it needs to be done sooner rather than later!

13. How Do You Feel About Children Cycling Or Walking To School, Rather Than Being Driven? How Many Miles Away From School Do You Think Is Appropriate?



24 out of 30 people thought one mile is appropriate to walk to school.

6 out of 30 people thought two miles is appropriate to walk to school.

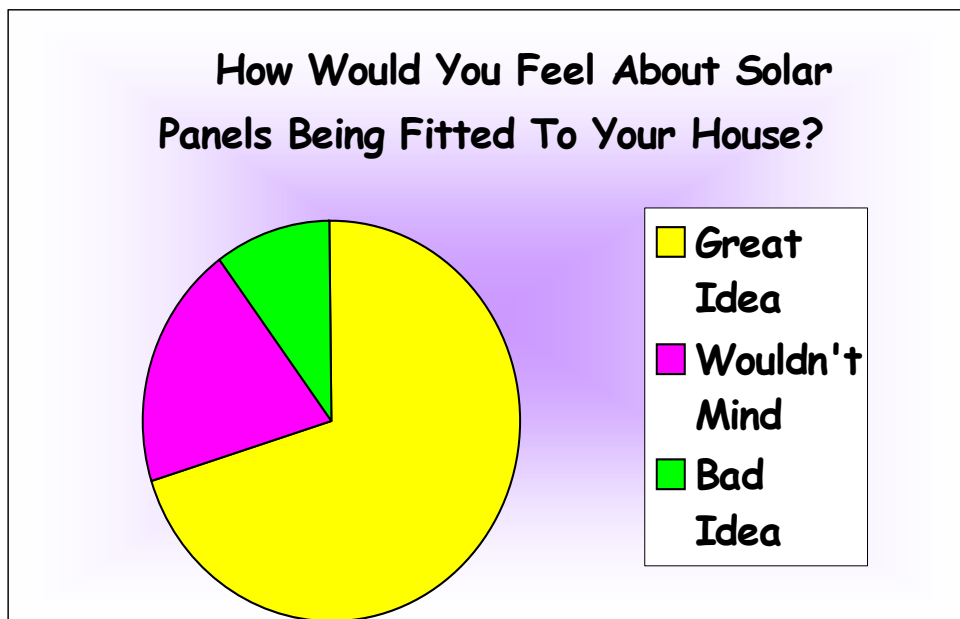
24 out of 30 people thought two miles is appropriate to cycle to school.

6 out of 30 people thought three miles is appropriate to walk to school.

Times have changed, technology has developed and people believe that cars were made for a reason. This is a very diverse question: How do you feel about children walking to school?

I feel that many people will oppose this idea because of today's society in where you have to keep an eye on your children all the time. Parents may not trust their children to walk alone as there are many dangerous people within our society who may want to hurt their children. I think that if they were supervised then it would be safer, and there is really a limit to how far you can walk, I mean it varies. If you did live close to the school, it would be a good idea to walk, rather than to take the car.

13. What Is Your Opinion On Solar Panels And How Would You Feel About Solar Panels Being Fitted To Your House?



20 out of 30 thought it would be a great idea to get a solar panel fitted onto their house.

6 out of 30 people wouldn't mind getting a solar panel fitted to their house.

4 out of 30 people think it is a bad idea to get solar panels fitted onto their house.

According to the graph, around 66% think it is a good idea, but do they think it's reliable. The answer is no. They believe that there isn't actually much sun if you are living in the U.K, and the expense of them is incredibly high. So that is a big problem, another solution is that we put solar panels in a country where there is a lot of sunlight and for long hours. This way we are maximising the energy we are producing and it's cost effective.

I think that there are other methods of renewable that the U.K should invest in, as this one isn't particularly suited to the British weather.

15. What Do You Think About Wind Energy?

Everybody agrees that wind energy is the better alternative to solar energy. The U.K always has wind about so why not build wind farms; it's a good energy source. As long as we don't rely on one type of energy, it's useful. I still don't think people are properly educated about the alternative energy sources so something needs to be done about that.

How Would You Feel About Having A Wind Farm Near You?

Everybody had mixed views on this particular question. There are many advantages and disadvantages; everybody agreed that even if they don't want a wind farm near them, it would be worth it in the long the long term. The reason why some people disagreed with wind farms near homes, is that hey can be noisy and to some people not picturesque. People advised that you could put them in the sea to generate electricity because it's very windy there.

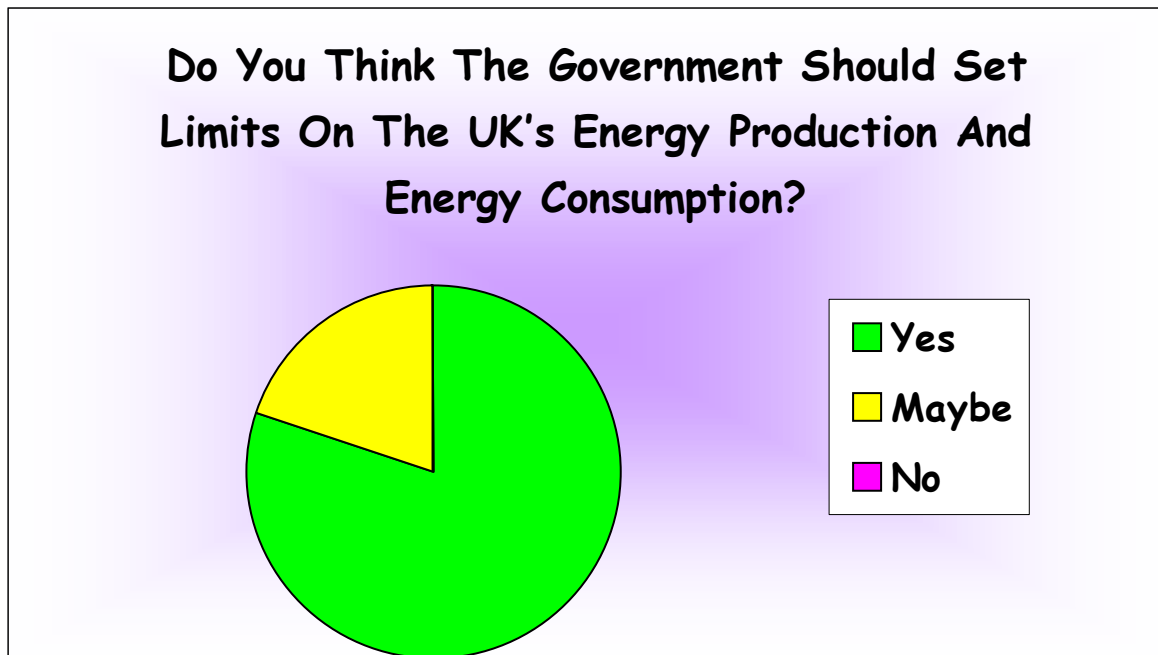
16. What Do You Think About Nuclear Power?

Overall, people have doubts about nuclear energy. Everybody has heard about the incident of Chernobyl 1986 - the nuclear reactor exploded and radiation was emitted contaminating everything. People don't want something like this to happen again, it was devastating. People also have queries with what you would do with the radioactive waste that is produced, how would you dispose of it. If it were to come into contact with humans it could be dangerous. When they come up with solutions to these problems, I'm sure people will be more willing to use nuclear energy.

Do You Think It Is Necessary To Meet Future Energy Needs?

Most people felt it necessary to meet future needs but it is not essential at this current moment.

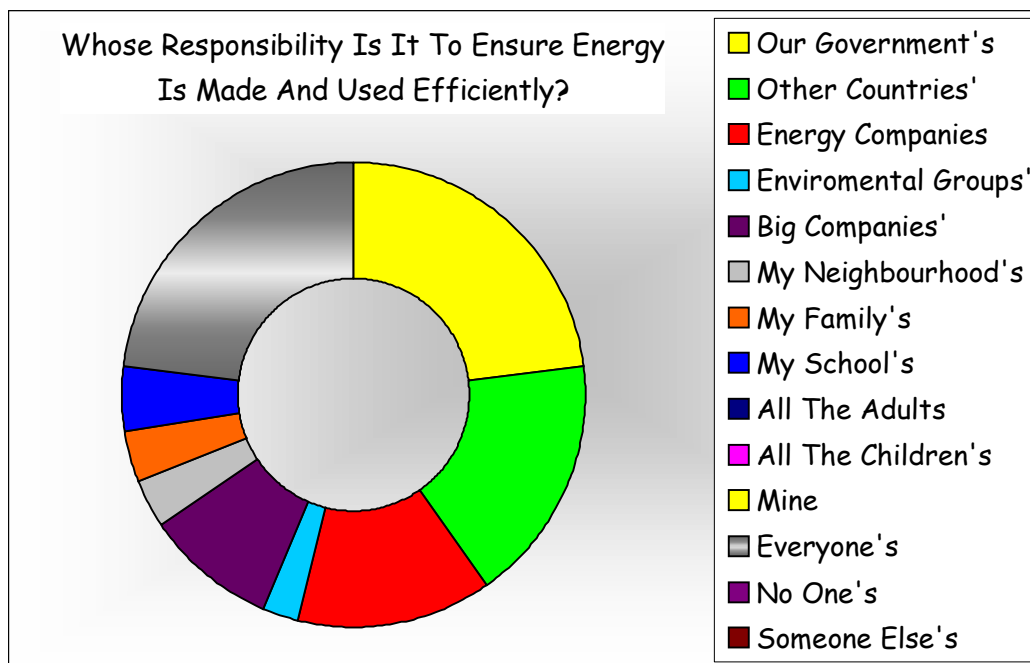
17. Do You Think The Government Should Set Limits On The UK's Energy Production And Energy Consumption.



24 out of 30 people think the government should set limits on the U.K's energy production and energy consumption. 6 out of 30 people maybe think that the government should set limits on the U.K's energy production and energy consumption.

As we all know, our fossil fuels are running out, we have unnecessarily used them and have damaged our planet by doing so. If everybody wants to make a change, then we have to trust the government. The government speaks for everybody; they should set a limit on how much energy big companies are using. By doing this you are also setting an example to other countries in addressing these issues we face.. They should enforce laws and maybe by doing this people will actually realise how much energy they are actually using. As much authority as possible is needed to control how much energy we use.

18. Whose Responsibility Is It To Ensure Energy Is Made And Used Efficiently?



As you can see, this who we think should bear responsibility. Figures are unnecessary here as we can see that the majority of people believe that it is everybody's responsibility to ensure that energy is used and made efficiently in particular the government. It's everybody's responsibility to do their part, whether you recycle, use solar panels, or just turn a light off when not in use. It is also everybody's responsibility to elect the correct government party who will create policies to try to help and save our planet. The government in turn should give the nation all the facts they need to know about this current dilemma, it could be a real eye - opener. As much authority as possible is needed to control how much energy we use. The nation needs guidance, if we all work together we can make sure that our plant is safe for future generations to use.